(XLIXth YEAR.) THE (No. 2438.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1793.

VIENNA, *July* 6.

THE passing and repassing of messengers between the powers leagued against France, are more frequent than ever; this is what makes our politicians judge that some grand plan is upon the carpet; the end of this unfortunate war is supposed to be fixed for the beginning of November next.

MERZIG, *July* 10.

A most unpleasant prospect presents itself in the environs of this town. At Rellingon, about two leagues hence, between 5 and 600 Frenchmen are quartered; beyond Frommerdorf, at the distance of one league from this place, entrenchments have been thrown up for 600 men, and cannons are planted in them; and at Hilbringen, facing Merzig, upwards of 300 Frenchmen are stationed. The latter take away all the hay belonging to the elector, to the inhabitants, and to the abbey of Metlach in Saargau.

The few Austrians who are still left here, remain mere spectators, their main forces having moved by forced marches through the district of Hundsruck to join the allies before Mentz. The fate of Mentz will also decide our own.

COLOGNE, *July* 14.

Accounts from Mayence, of the 12th, inform us, that the most reputable inhabitants of that town insist upon a surrender of the place, but the clubbists, who are the majority, will not listen to any such proposal, as they have been threatened with vengeance by the besiegers.

OSTEND, *July* 24.

Accounts have been received here that may be relied on, that on the 8th instant the Piedmontese attacked the French in the Valleys, and other routes leading into Savoy, forced their entrenchments, took their artillery and baggage—in short, that the republicans were retreating from Savoy with the same precipitation and disorder as they evacuated those provinces.

About the same time, the Piedmontese attacked the French army, consisting of 16,000 men, entrenched at Argenterre, in the Valley of Barcellonettee, forced their posts, killed 4000 men, and took possession of their artillery. In this affair the Piedmontese lost 1500 men; they were in pursuit of the enemy, and had opened a passage into the province of Dauphiny and Upper Provence, whereby they might aid the army of Nice.

ESTREUX, *July* 16.

British Head-Quarters.

On the 13th, agreeable to articles of surrender, the garrison of Conde marched out of the town, and laid down their arms. It consisted of 2008 men, amongst whom were three regiments of the troops of the line, amounting to 2700 men. The rest were national guards, the strongest battalions of whom consisted of 440 men.

The troops of the line in general, and a few of the national guards, looked tolerably well; but the rest cut at once a ridiculous and miserable figure. They had been living for some time on eleven ounces of bread, and two of horse flesh, and some rice, per diem. A considerable quantity of rice was still remaining, but bread had very much failed. They carried out with them about one hundred horses in good condition.

One hundred and three pieces of ordnance were found in the place, but the quantity of ammunition is inconsiderable.

The firing from Valenciennes ceased on a sudden this morning, and a flag of truce came out from the town. It was the general conjecture and expectation, that the French were at length going to surrender—The occasion was, however, to conduct a lady, a Madame Meslour, to our camp, who wished to leave the place, and wanted to go to Paris. She was readily received, but the latter part of her request cannot at present be complied with. She has her choice of Mons, Conde or Brussels, for her present place of residence.

MADRID, *July* 3.

The fortress of Bellegarde surrendered to the Spanish troops on the 25th ultimo. The garrison, consisting of near a thousand men, are to remain prisoners of war.

PARIS, *July* 16.

The Jacobins, on the death of Marat, immediately assembled. Nothing was determined on that evening; but on the 14th, Bentabole rose, and demanded that the honours of the Pantheon should be granted to this friend of the people.

Robespierre opposed this motion, on the ground that the ashes of Marat should not be deposited in a place where crime and virtue were alike rewarded.—"Let us," says Robespierre, "make a hecatomb (a sacrifice) of all the enemies of the republic—this is the only way to avenge the death of the friend of the people."

The admirers of Marat have caused a medal to be struck to his honour.—Around his portrait is the following inscription: "Marat, ami du peuple; vainqueur de l'aristocracie." On the reverse is a representation of Diogenes, whose head is covered with a bonnet rouge. In one hand he holds a lanthern, and with the other he assists Marat to ascend from his hiding place, by means of a trap door. The legend consists of the following dialogue:——" Diogenes. Camarade Sans Culottes, je t'ai cherché long tems."—Marat. "On persecutoit la verité, je n'avois point d'autre style."

Two hundred livres in assignats had been given in Paris, within the last fortnight, for a single Louis d'Or. In order to check this species of speculation, the exchange has been provisionally shut.

A squadron, charged with some important mission, is said to have sailed from Brest. Its departure was retarded for some days on account of a mutiny on board Le Bretagne and Le Juste, ships of the line.

Letter addressed to citizen Dupont, chief of brigade, and adjutant-general of the first division of the army of the north.

"Head-quarters at Cambray, July 16.

"I have good news for you, my dear Dupont. I would not be too hasty in communicating it to you, till it were daily more and more confirmed by our spies and the deserters who come over.

"The power of the leagued kings has been dashing against the walls of Valenciennes; they may convert that unhappy city into a heap of ashes and ruins, but they will never subdue the invincible courage of its inhabitants, and of the republican soldiers who defend its ramparts. History does not furnish an instance of so cruel a bombardment as this city is doomed to suffer. For these three weeks past near 200 pieces of cannon have played upon this city both night and day. The garrison makes sallies every day, which prove not less fatal to the enemy than the loss of battles.

"Cobourg finding that the fire of the fortress slackened, thought it was destitute of ammunition, and attempted to scale it in the night between the fifth and sixth. The English, the Hungarian grenadiers, and Hanoverians, were to perform the task by means of barges laden with scaling ladders, which were thrown into the fosses. General Ferrand perceived the enemy's design, and suffered them to approach; but when they were preparing to throw up the scaling ladders, he assaulted them instantly by a shower of balls and case shot, which lighted on them in every direction. The number of those who fell victims in this rash enterprise, is computed at 6000 men. I am positively sure that Cobourg was determined to sacrifice 5000 men to secure himself in the success of this assault. The assailants, thus repulsed, took flight in confusion, and were pursued into their camps. The explosion of a mine, which was blown up the same moment at the Rollieux, completed their defeat.

"Since the beginning of the siege, the enemy have lost a great number of cannon, which were taken, spiked, or dismounted. An epidemical malady, occasioned by the putrid exhalations from the woods of Raims and the camp of Famars, spreads desolation among the combined armies. The hospitals of Mons and Brussels are not spacious enough to contain their sick and wounded.

(Signed) "CHERIN,

"Adjutant-general."

The treatment of the royal family is less rigorous than formerly. The separation of the dauphin from the queen is the only circumstance of cruelty that has been added to the past.

The commissioners on duty in the temple are no longer changed, and continue to wait on the royal prisoners. They treat them with respectful greatness. They are not only suffered to walk about, but even their table has been bettered.

Tison, the woman who waited on the queen, has turned lunatic. She was immediately taken out of the tower, put in a separate room, and a nurse assigned to her. This nurse was bribed to take an oath not to reveal any thing of what Tison might say in her fit of phrenzy.

The dauphin is now allowed to play in the garden with his new keeper; he may also speak to the centinels, an indulgence which was never granted before.

LONDON, *July* 25.

We have seen several letters from the camp before Valenciennes; and although they are uncommonly barren of intelligence respecting the siege, we learn from them, that the third parallel was completed, but that batteries upon it not opened on the 19th; that there was no chance of taking the place but by assault; in which case the Austrians must be pursued by the number of men they have lost, and the British troops, by daily conversation with the Austrians, will put garrison and inhabitants indiscriminately to the sword; that the officers of the garrison, in conversation during a short truce, said, they regretted the issue to which the siege must come, that they knew they had no right to expect quarters, but that they felt it their duty to defend what their country had given them in charge, to the last extremity.——From the prospect of such carnage the mind turns away with horror and disgust.

The letter of lord Harvey to the grand duke of Tuscany, has justly raised the indignation of every feeling heart. It is not enough that our ministers have devoted the people of this country to the horrors of war, but their messengers wander about Europe to involve all other nations.—They send out riders to take orders for war.—This is done too by system: nay, we have entered into a solemn treaty with the merciful empress to make kings and princes proselytes to war. Our readers will find that the fourth article of the late treaty with the empress of Russia, which was cautiously concealed from the people of England till the last day of the session, is as follows:

CONVENTION between his Britannic majesty and the empress of Russia—signed at London, the 25th of March, 1793.

"Art. 4.—Their majesties engage to unite all their efforts to prevent other powers, not implicated in this war, from giving, on this occasion of common concern to every civilized state, any protection whatever, directly or indirectly, in consequence of their neutrality, to the commerce or property of the French on the sea, or in the ports of France."

Thus we have actually entered into engagements to prevent, if possible, any prince from securing to his subjects the blessings of peace and commerce, and have determined, as far as in us lies, to extend the horrors of this war over all Europe.

By letters from Turin, dated June 28, we hear that the king of Sardinia is going to command in person the allied armies against the French; all his household were already determined when the letters came away.

We are assured that M. Gaston, who commands the royalists in France, is the celebrated Gaston de Bougainville, well known by his voyage round the world.

Lord Hood reached Gibraltar, with the division of the fleet under his command, on the 20th ult.—He was joined by the division that had put into Cadiz on the 23d, and immediately proceeded up the Mediterranean. He was off Alicant the 8th instant. Part of his van had got up as high as Malaga.

July 27. Yesterday afternoon Mr. *Moson*, one of the king's messengers, arrived at White Hall, with letters and dispatches from the head-quarters of his royal highness the duke of York. These dispatches are dated the 23d instant.

A battery of 16 guns in the 3d parallel, under the direction of major Congreve, has done great execution in the town. In that part of the city adjoining the horn-work, not a house is left standing, nor have the besieged the least shelter. In a day or two after the departure of the messenger, the mines were to be sprung, from which a practicable breach was expected to ensue, and the town, it was expected, was in consequence to be stormed.

The letter from Ostend, of the 24th, contains the most satisfactory accounts; but we think it proper to state, that dispatches from Turin, the 6th inst. make no mention of such advantages as are there stated to have been gained by the Piedmontese.

Many of the officers of the combined armies, taking advantage of the short cessation of firing, when Madame Meliour's flag of truce came out from Valenciennes, jumped over the parapet of the trenches, and the French officers very handsomely came forward to meet them on the glacis, and even invited some of the British officers into the covert-way. Lieutenant-colonel Gascoyne, of the Coldstream, who was commanding officer of the covering party in the combined trenches, accepted the invitation, and remained there until the trumpeter returned to town, when he retired, on being told by the French officers that it would be unsafe for him to remain there any longer.

At the above interview between the besiegers and the besieged, the French officers expressed great satisfaction at having the opportunity of speaking and shaking hands with the British officers, and warmly expressed their hopes, that when the town surrendered, it would be put into the hands of the English.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 25.

On Friday evening last, all the New-York and Philadelphia land stages, returned to this city with their passengers, mortified and fatigued. They were refused a passage through the Jerseys. One of the drivers had a very narrow escape with his life, being cruelly fired upon at Trenton, the ball passing within a few inches of one of his ears. No provisions were to be obtained on the road, nor any accommodation of any kind, even for the lady passengers.

Previous to the 20th instant, the malignant fever in this city had abated to a most flattering degree. Warm weather, however, succeeding some cold and frosty days, the contagion again took wing, and has

made melancholy havoc among our much lamented citizens? The wind being now north-easterly, and an equinoctial gale in the atmosphere, it is hoped the change in the temperature of the air may have some effect, under Providence, towards mitigating or expelling the disease.

The King of Poland (says a London paper) on being required to sign the act of accession to the new partition of Poland, in favour of the empress of Russia, gave an absolute refusal, and informed the ambassador that he would sooner part with his crown than sign an act of consent to the new dismemberment of his unhappy country. The diet, by a great majority, had decided against the dismemberment of the country, and have offered rather to drive the Russians entirely out of the kingdom, and surrender it wholly into the hands of Russia, than agree to a dismemberment.

Some accounts from Europe say, that the island of Corsica has been delivered up to the Spaniards, through the treason of general Paoli.

By a late arrival at Boston from Gibraltar, we are assured that there has not been any junction of the English and Spanish fleets: the Spanish had gone to Carthagena, and the crews in general were very sickly. The French fleet was at Toulon: the English at Barcelona.—The British frigate Iris, of thirty-two guns, had put into Gibraltar, much shattered in an action with a French frigate.

ANNAPOLIS, *October* 3.

Yesterday morning a fire broke out in a house belong to Mr. Galloway, at Severn ferry, now in the occupation of Mr. Edward Thompson, but by the timely exertions of the citizens was happily extinguished.

Mr. Wignell's company of comedians, for the new theatre in Philadelphia, were to sail from London the 26th of July. The whole body of them, including musicians, amounted to seventy-five.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in London, to his friend in this city, dated 29th July, 1793.

"We have this day received information, that Mentz has capitulated and surrendered to the king of Prussia."

"Ye youths be humble, and grow wise! a few days since, like thee, he flourished in the fair field of the earthly world! a few days since, he was cut down like a flower, and his body lies withering in a comfortless bed.—Ye pass gayly along, and think no storm will ever overcloud your heads; but, in a moment the unexpected tempest may arise, and you may sink—forget not yourselves: remember, that to-day you may have life in your power; to-morrow, perhaps, you may be a breathless corpse!—

"At Blenheim, in Charles county, on the fourth instant, breathed his last, a quarter past seven o'clock, in the evening, and in the eighteenth year of his age, RUSSELL LEE, the only surviving son of the late PHILIP THOMAS LEE. This unfortunate youth sunk into an untimely grave, in consequence of a fall from his horse, the day before—the fall was so violent, as to occasion a concussion of the brain, and he never spoke afterwards, and which, in spite of all medical and surgical assistance, continued till his dissolution. Sleep, hapless youth, worthy of better fate. He was of a good natured and lively disposition.—Desireable qualities—At the age of twenty-one, he would have possessed an handsome fortune, and had it not been the will of Providence to remove him to a better world, in all probability, at some future day, would have proved an honour and an ornament to his family—

"But hasty fate thrust her dread shears between,
"Cuts the young life off, and shuts up the scene.

"His loss has impressed a general sentiment of regret and sorrow, not only in the family to which he was allied, but in all his neighbourhood.—His remains were interred in the family burial ground of his ancestors, and antecedent to this, an excellent, well composed and pathetic funeral sermon was well delivered by the reverend John W. Compton, rector of the parish, and which had so much effect upon the audience, that there was hardly a dry eye—

"All the promis'd joys,
And all the pleasure, youth and vigour gave,
Were lost in death, whose hand all power destroys,
And crush'd his rising prospects in the grave."

Charles county, September 13th, 1793.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS, September 23, 1793.

ORDERED, That the by-law to prevent the introduction of malignant diseases into this city, be published in the Maryland Gazette, and Baltimore Journal, four weeks; and that one hundred copies thereof be immediately printed, and distributed by the mayor.

A BY-LAW to prevent the introduction of malignant diseases into this city.

WHEREAS a malignant and contagious fever has been for some time raging in the city of Philadelphia, and that through the usual intercourse between that city and the southern states, there is reason to apprehend that this fatal disease may be introduced into this city, unless measures are taken to prevent it;

BE IT ESTABLISHED AND ORDAINED, *by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Common-Council, of the City of Annapolis, and the Authority of the same*, That doctor Reverdy Ghiselin be and he is hereby appointed health officer for the city and port of Annapolis, whose duty it shall be, and he is hereby authorised and required, to examine, upon oath or otherwise, all strangers that may come to this city by water, or in stages; and if, upon such examination, he shall be of opinion that there is no reason to apprehend that the said disease, or any other malignant disorder, will be communicated or introduced by the person or persons so examined, he shall grant a certificate or certificates to that effect; and until such certificate shall be obtained by strangers travelling by water to this city, it shall not be lawful for any such person to land therein.

AND BE IT ESTABLISHED AND ORDAINED, *by the authority aforesaid*, That the health officer aforesaid shall not grant a certificate as aforesaid to any person who shall come from the city of Philadelphia to this place, unless he shall have left the said city fourteen days at the least.

AND BE IT ESTABLISHED AND ORDAINED, *by the authority aforesaid*, That Richard Giles Brewer and Thomas Hewitt be and they are hereby appointed to assist in the execution of this law; and it shall be the duty of one of them to attend constantly at the Dock, and give information to the health officer of the arrival of all and every vessel that shall come to this city, and on Mondays and Fridays to attend at the entrance into the city by land, and give information to the said health officer of the arrival of the stage; and in case of the absence of the said health officer, information shall be given to the mayor of the city, or to John Davidson, merchant, James Williams, or James Mackubin, who are hereby vested with all the power and authority given by this by-law to the said health officer; and they and each of them are hereby authorised and required to perform all the duties herein before specified.

AND BE IT ESTABLISHED AND ORDAINED, *by the authority aforesaid*, That whatever inhabitant of this city, or the precincts thereof, shall, after the publication of this by-law, take or receive into his or her house or family any person who shall come to this city in a stage, or any person who shall come to this city by water, until such person shall have obtained a certificate from the health officer of the city, or in case of his absence from some one of the persons aforesaid, to the effect herein before mentioned, such inhabitant, so taking or receiving at any time into his or her house or family any such person, not having obtained such certificate, shall forfeit and pay the sum of three pounds current money for every such offence, to be recovered by indictment or confession, to the use of the corporation.

AND BE IT ESTABLISHED AND ORDAINED, *by the authority aforesaid*, That it shall not be lawful to land in this city any goods, wares or merchandises, which shall have been brought from the city of Philadelphia since the sixth day of August last, nor any goods, wares or merchandises, which shall be brought from Baltimore-town, or elsewhere, before examination by, and permission from, the health officer aforesaid; and any skipper, or other person commanding a vessel, who shall hereafter land any goods, wares or merchandises, before such examination and permission, shall forfeit and pay the sum of three pounds current money for every such offence; and every inhabitant of this city, and the precincts thereof, who shall take or receive from on board any vessel which shall come to this city, before such examination and permission as aforesaid, any such goods, wares or merchandises, such person, so offending, shall forfeit and pay for every bale, trunk or package, and for every article unpacked, the sum of three pounds current money, to be recovered as aforesaid, for the use aforesaid.

AND BE IT ESTABLISHED AND ORDAINED, *by the authority aforesaid*, That in case the said health officer shall know, or be informed, that any person, not an inhabitant of this city, shall be infected, or suspected to be infected, with the said disease, within this city, or the precincts thereof, it shall be lawful for the mayor, together with the said John Davidson, James Williams, and James Mackubin, or any two of them, and they are hereby authorised and empowered, to take the most effectual measures for the removal of any such person from this city, so as to prevent its communication.

Will be Sold, at Public Sale,

At Mr. MANN's, on SATURDAY next, the fifth instant, at eleven o'clock,

THAT two story, corner, BRICK HOUSE, near the new church, now in the occupation of Mr. Burton Whitcroft. The terms will be made known on the day of sale. An unquestionable title in fee, can be given to the purchaser.

JONA. of ROBT. PINKNEY.

Annapolis, 1st October, 1793.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the sheriff's-office, on MONDAY the 14th day of OCTOBER next, and to continue from day to day, till all is sold,

AN assortment of MERCHANDISE, consisting of Coarse and Fine Cloths; Corduroys; Cassimers; Cassimer Vest Patterns; Velverets; Sagathys; Muslins; Muslinets; Cotton and Thread Hose; Chintzes; Calicoes; Ladies Cantel Hair Shawls; Muffs; Ribands; Gauzes; Jeans; Moreens; Durants; and sundry other articles too tedious to mention; and likewise a quantity of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. The above property landed to me as trustee of WILLIAM FOXCROFT, and to be sold for the benefit of his creditors.

WILLIAM GOLDSMITH.

All persons indebted to William Foxcroft are desired to make immediate payment to the subscriber, who is authorised to receive the same. W. G.

At the same time and place, will be offered for sale, a small collection of VALUABLE BOOKS.

September 28th, 1793.

To be Sold,

At PUBLIC SALE, on TUESDAY the 22d instant, at the plantation in Middle river Neck, near Annapolis, formerly the property of [illegible] of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, but now occupied by William Glover,

SUNDRY STOCK, consisting of HORSES, CATTLE, two fine young working STEERS, and HOGS. The terms will be made known on the day of sale, by the subscribers.

WILLIAM GLOVER,
ROBERT DUVALL.

There will also be several young NEGROES offered for sale on that day, if not sold at private sale before.

R. DUVALL.

Annapolis, 1st October, 1793.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the nineteenth day of November next, on the premises, lying in Anne-Arundel county, lying on the main road leading from Mount-Pleasant ferry to Annapolis,

THAT valuable TRACT of LAND, called BROWSLEY HALL, with some other adjoining, to the amount of six hundred acres; there are four tenements on this place, the improvements thereof I live in a comfortable dwelling house, thirty feet by eighteen, with a back shed, four rooms on the lower floor, two above with a passage, brick chimney, a kitchen, washing and spinning house, corn house, overseer's house, quarters, several tobacco houses, and several other out houses too tedious to mention; a large paled garden, yard, and cellars; there is a large quantity of fruit trees, such as apples, peaches, and cherries, to the amount of seven thousand, bearing trees all carefully chosen and properly kept; there are fifty acres of this land properly cultivated for meadow, and as much more easily made, of rich marsh; there is also plenty of house and long timber to support the land. There will also be offered on the same day, a parcel of country born NEGROES, consisting of men, women and children; likewise cattle and sheep, household furniture, such as mahogany tables, chairs and desks. If any person chuses to purchase the negroes and stock before the day of sale, they may apply. The terms will be made known on the day of sale, and the land shewn by Mr. Cephas Shekell, or the subscriber.

THOMAS LANE.

October 2d, 1793.

ANNAPOLIS, October 1, 1793.

KNOWING that suits have been brought against several of the debtors to the state of Maryland for confiscated property purchased, and others who have installed their debts, owing, I apprehend, in many cases, to the time of payment having escaped their memory, and wishing to prevent any unnecessary expence to the parties concerned,—I have thought proper respectfully to notify, that a second instalment, and one year's interest, become due on the first day of December next, and that execution will issue immediately thereafter against every delinquent.

RANDOLPH B. LATIMER, Agent for the state of Maryland.

UPON the death of doctor LEONARD HOLLYDAY, and LEONARD HOLLYDAY, junior, both lately of Prince-George's county, I find myself answerable and liable to pay large sums of money, for which I entered into bonds with the deceased, to remove several judgments into the court of appeals and into the court of chancery. The whole or greater part of the debts due on these bonds, I have reason to believe are not satisfied, moreover there are bonds in which I am bound, that I know are not paid. Therefore I give this public notice, that I intend to petition the next general assembly, to empower me or some other person or persons, to sell, forthwith, so much of the real and personal estates of the deceased, which they died possessed of, as will pay all the debts due from the deceased, in which I am bound to pay, and judgments have been obtained. I request the favour of all who have claims on the bonds that I am a party in with the deceased aforementioned, to notify to me by letters, as soon as they can, what are the balances due on every and each bond, and they may be assured that I will take the most effectual and speedy measures to discharge such balances.

THOMAS CONTEE.

September 27, 1793.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to apply to the next general assembly, to take the warehouses for the inspection of tobacco at Upper-Marborough, to the public account, and make him such compensation as in their wisdom may seem proper.

THOMAS CONTEE.

September 24th, 1793.

COMMITTED to my custody as runaways, on the twenty-fourth September, 1793, the following negroes;—CHARLES, who says he belongs to Thomas Johnson, Esquire, of Frederick county; he is about thirty-five years old, five feet seven or eight inches high; his clothing consists of an osnabrig shirt and trousers. NED and JACK, who say they belong to Nathaniel Daw. And JOE, who says he is the property of Thomas Somerville, of this county. They are hired to Messieurs Johnson's, of Frederick county. Their masters are desired to pay charges, and take them away.

HENRY HUNT, Sheriff of Calvert county.

September 26th, 1793.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of THOMAS CRACKELS, late of Charles county, deceased, are requested to bring them in that they may be adjusted, and those that are indebted to the said estate, are desired to make immediate payment, as no indulgence will be given after this notice.

MARY CRACKELS, adm'x. Executrix.

September 17th, 1793.

Eight Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the twenty-fifth September, 1793, a likely negro lad named ISAAC, about twenty years of age, five feet six or seven inches high, of a dark colour, stammers very much when asked a question. I need give no further discription as his stammering will betray him when ever he is spoke to. Any person securing the above fellow in any gaol, so that I get him again, shall be entitled to the above reward, and if brought home, all reasonable charges, paid by

NICHOLAS WATKINS, of Stephen.

NOTICE.

THE vestry of ST. JOHN'S PARISH, commonly called KING GEORGE, in Prince-George's county, intend petitioning the next general assembly, of the state of Maryland, to give them a right, in behalf of said parish, to three acres of land, whereon the lower chapel stands, commonly called ACQUE-CREEK CHAPEL.

CHARLES TIPPETH, Register.

September 3, 1793.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, issued from the general court, to me directed, will be offered to PUBLIC SALE, for READY MONEY, on Friday the 4th day of October, at Mr. RICHARD LANHAM's tavern, between Piscataway and Upper Marlborough,

TWENTY very likely country born NEGROES, consisting of men, women, boys, and girls, sundry articles of valuable household furniture, plantation utensils, horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs, also a lease for one life, on one hundred and sixty acres of land, known by the name of his LORDSHIP'S KINDNESS; the above property will be sold to satisfy a debt due from Charles Maddox to Nicholas Blacklock. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

EDWARD L. WAILES, late sheriff of Prince-George's county.

September 17, 1793.

JAMES WILLIAMS

Has just IMPORTED,

In the brig JUNO,

From the house of LAMAR, HILL, BISSET, & Co.

A FEW PIPES of choice MADEIRA BILL WINE, for particular use, three years old last vintage, which will be disposed of by the pipe or quarter cask.

September 24, 1793.

THE subscriber having sustained considerable damage by certain persons hunting and passing through his several and different enclosures, hereby forewarns all manner of persons whatever from hunting with either dog or gun on his land, near Upper Marlborough, and likewise on his plantation near Herring Bay, in Anne-Arundel county, as he is determined in future to prosecute all those who violate this notice with the utmost rigour of the law.

JOHN HEPBURN.

Prince-George's county, September 25, 1793.

NOTICE.

THE sale of the late GEORGE HUTCHESON'S estate, advertised to take place on the eighteenth instant, is unavoidably postponed till Wednesday the thirtieth of October next, when it will certainly be held agreeably to the said advertisement.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Adm'r, de bonis non.

Indian-Town, 16th September, 1793.

Annapolis Races.

ON Tuesday the 8th day of October, 1793, will be run for, over the course near this city, the JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of FORTY GUINEAS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, being the property of a member of the Club; aged to carry 126 pounds, six years old to carry 120 pounds, five years old 110 pounds, four years old 98 pounds, and three years old a catch. Heats four miles.

On Wednesday the 9th of October, a JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of TWENTY GUINEAS, for three and four years old colts and fillies, to give three pounds to fillies. The horse winning the first day excluded running the second. Heats two miles.

On Thursday the 10th, a SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of FIFTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, the horses winning the Jockey Club purses excepted; to carry weight agreeable to the rules of the Jockey Club. Heats four miles.

Any horse winning two clear heats, to be entitled to the purse. Three horses to start for the subscription purse, or no race. Entrance fifty shillings.

The riders to be dressed in silk jackets, jockey caps and half boots.

The horses to be entered each day preceding the race with Mr. George Mann, and to start each day at 12 o'clock precisely. Proper judges will be appointed for the race.

THE subscriber has to dispose of, a large quantity of excellent SOLE and UPPER LEATHER, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms for CASH.

He has also on hand a large quantity of COARSE SHOES.

JOHN HYDE.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

Two APPRENTICES for the tanner or shoemakers business, from 14 to 16 years of age, they must come well recommended.

The highest prices will be given for dry or green hides and bark.

J. H.

September 25, 1793.

In CHANCERY, September 23d, 1793.

ORDERED, That the report of BENJAMIN LOWNDES, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Philip Miller, deceased, be approved, and that the sale by the trustee, made as stated in his report of lots number nine and ten, lying in Bladensburg, to Jasper Wirt, on the thirteenth instant, be approved, ratified, and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before Tuesday, the 29th of October next, Provided, a copy of this order be inserted in the Maryland Gazette, in the present or the following week.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

TAKEN up in a creek, near the mouth of West-River, in the swamp, a BATTEAU of about thirteen feet and an half long, and about three feet three inches in width, has formerly rowed with four rowlocks, has one seat in her stern. The owner may have her again, on proving property and paying charges.

AARON PARRISH.

September 18, 1793.

Pursuant to the direction of the last will and testament of Mr. JACOB M'CENEY, late of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, on the premises, on Tuesday the eighth day of October next, if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter,

ALL that valuable TRACT of LAND, whereon the deceased lived, being PART of ANNE-ARUNDEL MANOR, situated between this place and Mount-Pleasant ferry, containing about 251 acres, and whereon are the following improvements, a comfortable dwelling, kitchen, convenient out houses, with an excellent orchard and fruits of all kinds. The terms will be made known on the day of sale, by

JACOB M'CENEY,
ZACHARIAH M'CENEY,
JOSEPH M'CENEY,
BENJAMIN M'CENEY.

Pig-Point, 20th August, 1793.

Will be Sold,

On the 25th of October, 1793, at the dwelling plantation of Benjamin Douglass, late of Charles county, deceased, on Patowmack river, five miles below Port-Tobacco, for ready cash,

ALL the STOCK of the said deceased, consisting of horses, cattle and hogs, also three likely young negroes, and all the household and kitchen furniture of said deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are desired to exhibit them legally authenticated on that day for payment.

NATHANIEL FREEMAN, JAMES FREEMAN, } Ex'ors.

Agreeably to an order of the orphans court of Charles county, will be sold, at public sale, for ready money, on the third Monday in October next, in Port-Tobacco,

ABOUT THIRTY HOGSHEADS OF INSPECTED TOBACCO.

JOHN FORBES, Attorney for ELIZABETH RIDGATE, Administratrix of Thomas How Ridgate.

September 12, 1793.

THE members of the JOCKEY CLUB are desired to meet at Mr. MANN'S, at 12 o'clock, the day before the race, and to pay their respective subscriptions, on or before that day, to Mr. Mann, who is authorised to receive them.

LAND FOR SALE.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the 20th day of October next, on the premises,

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, lying in Calvert county, on Battle creek, one of the branches of Patuxent river; this tract is supposed to contain seven hundred and fifty acres, and, as the proprietor expects whoever is inclined to purchase will previously view the land, he thinks it unnecessary *here* to publish the character it deserves, however, it may not be amiss to observe, that the greater part of this land is in wood and heavily timbered, and for fertility of soil, few tracts in the county excel it. One fourth of the purchase money will be expected on the day of sale, and for the remaining three fourths bond, with approved security, will be required, in three annual payments. Should any person wish to treat for the above valuable property before the day of sale, they may know the terms by applying to col. JOSEPH WILKINSON, in Hunting-town, or the subscriber, living near the premises.

THOMAS H. EGAN.

September 4, 1793.

ANNAPOLIS, Sept. 14, 1793.

THE Subscriber informs the public in general, and his old Friends in particular, that he takes in BOARDERS on the most easy Terms. He keeps a good STABLE, HAY, FODDER, CORN and OATS.

Beriah Maybury.

Prince-George's County, to wit:

September Term,

1793.

JOHN READ MAGRUDER, clerk of this court, having intimated to the court his intention to resign the office of clerk of Prince George's county court—The court will receive applications for that office on the first Monday in December next, whereon the clerk is directed to cause notice to be given by advertisements in the Maryland Gazette, and at the court house door.

Test. J. R. MAGRUDER, clerk.

Proposals,

FOR REPRINTING, by SUBSCRIPTION, That truly valuable FAMILY BOOK, ENTITLED,

BURKITT ON THE New Testament.

AMONG the many excellent divines who have adorned that part of the christian church commonly called "the *Church of England*," few have attained to so distinguished a height of honour and usefulness, as the Rev. WILLIAM BURKITT, the learned and pious author of the above work ——Sensible that the New Testament contains a system of the most perfect religion, kindly revealed to purify our hearts, to refine our passions, and by making us good here, to qualify us for eternal felicity hereafter; he anxiously desired that all the world should be made acquainted with and enjoy the inestimable blessings of this divine religion: But well knowing, that in the word as in the works of GOD, many things occur hard to be understood, he applied himself with the most affectionate solicitude to remove this difficulty. From abilities and piety like his, the church had every thing to hope — His execution of that important work was equal to the most sanguine expectations of the public. His exposition of the sacred volume, is so judicious, and at the same time so familiar and easy, that the inquirer after truth has but to consult the passage that perplexes him, and he will immediately find, not only the light of truth irradiating his mind, but a glow of devotion kindling in his heart.—But, as the best evidence of the merit of this work, suffice it just to say, that it has already passed through nearly *twenty* editions in England, and the call for it is still so great, that our infant country is annually drained of large sums of money to supply the demand.

Conditions.

THIS valuable work will be printed in the size of a Family Bible, containing about 1100 pages Quarto, on a fair paper and large type, neatly bound, lettered, and filleted with gold, and delivered to subscribers at six dollars, one third only to be paid on subscribing, the rest when the book (handsomely finished) is delivered.

Subscriptions for the above work taken in by the printers hereof.

Notice.

WE intend to make application to the general assembly of this state, at their next session, for an act to repay us the tobacco, or the value thereof, which we have accounted for as executors of PETER DENT, deceased, and which was stolen or destroyed while the said Peter Dent was inspector at Pomonkey warehouse, by being exposed to the weather and otherwise.

ANNE DENT,
THEO. DENT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act to relieve him from debts which he is unable to pay.

GAVIN H. SMITH.

Calvert county, September 18, 1793.

AGREEABLY to the CONSTITUTION and FORM of GOVERNMENT, an election will be held, in the city of Annapolis, on Monday the seventh day of October next, for the purpose of choosing four delegates to represent Anne-Arundel county in the next general assembly.

WILLIAM GOLDSMITH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

MULES.

ANY gentleman inclinable to purchase those valuable ANIMALS, may be supplied at the Annapolis races on reasonable terms.

ASHBELL WELLES.

Doughoregan Manor, September 3, 1793.

PROPOSALS

For PUBLISHING a PERIODICAL WORK, to be entitled,

The MONTHLY MIRROR; or, MARYLAND MUSEUM.

I. IT shall contain a pleasing variety of interesting and entertaining subjects, calculated to improve as well as amuse the mind. The most approved selections from different authors, both ancient and modern, either of Europe or America, will form a part of this work; likewise, the newest improvements and discoveries that have or may be made, within the present century, in each art and science.

II. Extracts from various writers on *Religion*, *Philosophy*, *Laws*, *Physic*, and *Divinity*, shall also compose a part of this work.—A space will be assigned for the debates of congress—the debates of the British house of commons—a complete register of foreign and domestic news—essays—poetry—marriages—deaths, &c. &c.

III. Farmers, millers, and mechanics, shall be gratified with a particular description of such methods and machinery as are now in use among the most experienced in the above branches of business, in this country and in Europe.

IV. It shall comprise forty-eight octavo pages, neatly printed, and stitched in blue paper.—Price to subscribers *Twenty Shillings* per annum; others who purchase will have to pay *Twenty-two Shillings* and *Six-pence*, or *a Quarter of a Dollar* each number.

V. As soon as 400 subscribers are procured, this work shall be put to press, and a number delivered regularly in the first week of every month.* Eight pages will be assigned for ADVERTISEMENTS, which may be of peculiar advantage to the manufacturing and trading part of the community in every state in the union; as it is expected to meet with a general circulation throughout the continent, and serve as a vehicle of useful information and instruction to every citizen in the United States.

IT is needless to say much in favour of a publication of this nature.—The utility and convenience of a work of this kind must appear obvious to every person the least acquainted with polite literature, and a general knowledge of the world.—It will contribute towards the stock of necessary information, respecting mercantile affairs, manufactures, agriculture, and commerce; and is meant to convey pleasure as well as profit to those who shall patronise this work.—Readers, of every denomination, shall occasionally be furnished with sketches of real life, and the utmost exertions shall be made to render it as useful a publication as any ever attempted in this country.

Subscriptions are taken in by the publisher PHILIP EDWARDS, JAMES RICE, and AMBROSE CLARK, in Baltimore.

☞ The printers throughout the United States are earnestly requested to give these proposals a place in their news-papers, which will very much oblige their most obedient humble servant,

PHILIP EDWARDS.

Baltimore, June 28, 1793.

N. B. Those subscribers who live at a distance from Baltimore, shall have their books forwarded by the earliest and cheapest conveyance, but at their own risque and expence.

* Half the subscription money to be paid on the delivery of the first number. 10

BY the commissioners appointed to prepare the PUBLIC BUILDINGS, &c. within the CITY of WASHINGTON, for the reception of CONGRESS, and for their permanent residence after the year 1800.

SCHEME
OF THE
LOTTERY, No. II.

For the improvement of the FEDERAL CITY.

		Dollars.	*Dollars.*	*Dollars.*
1	A magnificent dwelling-house,	20,000, & cash	30,000, are	50,000
1	ditto -	15,000, & cash	25,000, are	40,000
1	ditto -	15,000, & cash	15,000, are	30,000
1	ditto -	10,000, & cash	10,000, are	20,000
1	ditto -	5,000, & cash	5,000, are	10,000
1	ditto -	5,000, & cash	5,000, are	10,000
1	Cash prize of	-	- -	10,000
2	ditto -	5,000 each,	are -	10,000
10	ditto -	1,000,	are -	10,000
20	ditto -	500,	are -	10,000
100	ditto -	100,	are -	10,000
200	ditto -	50,	are -	10,000
400	ditto -	25,	are -	10,000
1,000	ditto -	20,	are -	20,000
15,000	ditto -	10,	are -	150,000

16,739 Prizes.
33,261 Blanks.

50,000 Tickets, at 8 dollars each, are - 400,000

By this lottery the commissioners will be enabled to give an elegant specimen of the private buildings to be erected in the city of Washington.—Two beautiful designs are already selected for the entire fronts on two of the public squares; from these drawings it is proposed to erect two centre and four corner buildings, as soon as possible after this lottery is sold, and to convey them, when complete, to the fortunate adventurers, after the manner described in the scheme for the hotel-lottery.

N. B. The sales of the tickets in the lottery, No. II, are deferred till after the drawing of the Hotel-lottery, commencing on the 9th day of September next. 14

S. BLODGET, Agent for the affairs of the City.

May 20, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, by sundry inhabitants of the county of Queen-Anne's, to obtain an act for streightening, amending and repairing the causeway at Kent Narrows, in said county.

August 22, 1793. 5

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act to release him from debts which he is unable to pay.

SAMUEL CHEW, of John.

Anne-Arundel county, August 31, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT I intend to petition the next general assembly of Maryland, to confirm a deed of conveyance for about two hundred acres of land, in Kent county, called and known by the name of GRESHAM LEVELS.

4 CHARLES MORGAN.

SCHEME
OF
WILLIAM ALLEIN's LAND, &c.
LOTTERY.

No. 1,	1 Prize of 529 acres of woodland lying on Bennet's creek, in Montgomery and Frederick counties, within thirty miles of the federal city, - -		793	10 0
2,	1 ditto of 40 acres of valuable land, mostly wood, lying and adjoining the waters about three miles from Lower-Marlborough,		320	0 0
3,	1 ditto of 20 acres of land adjoining No. 2, all wood, -		200	0 0
4,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 3, ditto, - -		100	0 0
5,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 4, ditto, -		100	0 0
6,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 5, ditto, - -		100	0 0
7,	1 ditto of 10 ditto, ditto No. 6, ditto, - -		100	0 0
	1 ditto of 100 dollars cash, -		37	10 0
	21 ditto of 8 ditto each ditto, -		63	0 0
	145 ditto of 8 ditto, payable in genuine Scotch snuff at 4s. per pound in, bottles, -		435	0 0
	First drawn blank, - -		1	0 0
	173 Prizes.	£.	3150	0 0
	577 Blanks.			
	750 Tickets, at £. 3 each,	£.	2250	0 0

MANAGERS,

John Muir, Annapolis; Benjamin Stoddert, Georgetown; James Belt, Queen-Anne; John Brooke, Upper-Marlborough; Thomas Tillard, Pig-Point; Robert Bowie, Nottingham; Truman Compton, Magruder's; John Forbes, Benedict; James Somervillt, Thomas Harwood, junior, Joseph Wilkinson, William Grahame, Peter Emmerson, Charles Williamson, John Chesley, Thomas Parran, Henry Hunt, Calvert county; of whom tickets may be had, and of all the merchants on Patuxent.

No. 1, contains all woodland, Bennet's creek running through it, and lies within thirty miles of the federal city, fully worth the estimated amount. 2 to 7 contains very valuable land lying near the town of Lower-Marlborough, where wood commands 20s. per cord, the carriage to the water little more than half a mile from the extent of the land, and each lot to have the privilege of a cart way to the water. Deeds, with general warrantees, to be made for the land. Plots of the land may be seen with each of the managers. The cash prizes to be paid on demand; the snuff warranted genuine and good, and to be delivered at Lower-Marlborough. Crop or transfer notes for tobacco, on Patuxent, will be taken in payment at the market prices. Ten per cent. deduction to be made to those who pay the cash before the day of drawing. The lottery is purposed to be drawn on the third Tuesday in June next, if the tickets are all sold, at Lower-Marlborough. Notice will be given of the time, and a list of the fortunate numbers published immediately after drawing. Country produce will be taken at the market price if delivered at the subscriber's mill within one month of drawing the lottery.

W. ALLEIN.

Raleigh's Plant, March, 1792. 55

John Randall,

Has removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Gilbert Middleton,

Where he has just opened,

A General Assortment of

Seasonable GOODS,

Which he will sell cheap

For Cash, Country Produce, or on Credit to his Friends and Customers. 11

THE debtors to Messrs. TREGOTHICK, TOWAITES and WHEELWRIGHT, of London, and Messrs. CRACROFT and HODGKIN, of Maryland, are once more requested to make payment, in the course of this summer, as suits will be commenced against all delinquents immediately thereafter.

JESSE DEWEES.

Annapolis, July 12, 1793. 13

THE situation in which I am placed by REUIS HAMMOND, compels me to give this notice that I shall apply, by petition, to the next general assembly of Maryland, to be released from all my debts.

ELIJAH GAITHER.

August 12th, 1793.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that he intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, to pass an act correcting a mistake in a certificate of a tract of land called APPLEDITION to OLD SCOTLAND, being part of the reserves of Calverton Manor, which certificate was made out and returned in the name of Zachariah Johnson, on the 20th of January, 1787, by John Hanson, late surveyor of the reserves in Charles county.

JOSEPH JOHNSON.

Charles county, August 30, 1793.

THE subscriber being unable to pay his debts, and having a very large family of children to maintain, gives this public notice, that he intends to petition the next general assembly for the benefit of an insolvent act in his favour, upon surrendering up all his property to his creditors.

JOSEPH WEST PLUMMER.

Frederick county, August 23, 1793.

ALL persons having balances due them on tobacco, shipped to the address of Messieurs WILLIAM ANDERSON and Co. of LONDON, per my procuration, are desired to take notice, that it is necessary their bills on said company should be endorsed by me, or they will not be paid.

All those indebted to said company, for transactions through my agency, are *earnestly requested* to make immediate payment; and, in order to accommodate such as may find it more convenient to discharge their balances at Elk-Ridge-Landing, during the present inspection of tobacco, they will please to take notice, that I have furnished Mr. EDWARD GWINN with a list of balances, and copies of each person's account, who is authorised to settle with such as may apply.

The subscriber is instructed to require a strict observance to this notice, and he flatters himself it will be duly attended to and complied with, without further trouble or delay; but if, contrary to his wish and expectation, it should be neglected, he will be under the disagreeable necessity of commencing suit against all delinquents, without the least discrimination, after the first day of September next.

THOROWGOOD SMITH, Agent and attorney in fact for WILLIAM ANDERSON and Co.

July 1, 1793. 10

WANTED to HIRE,
In a small family,

A WOMAN SERVANT, one who understands COOKING and WASHING, and whose character is otherwise unexceptionable. Further information may be had at the Printing-Office.

Annapolis, August 14, 1793. 7X

FOR SALE,

THAT commodious dwelling HOUSE now in the occupation of captain JAMES THOMAS, in this city. For title and terms apply to

F. GREEN.

Annapolis. 7

THE subscriber purposes removing his store from West-river, and will dispose of about two hundred pounds, sterling cost, of fresh and saleable GOODS, consisting of Broad and Elastic Clothes; Cassimers; Vest Shapes; Welch Cottons; Valencias; Sattinets; Jeans and Fustians; Calicoes and Chintzes; Muslinets; Stuffs; Shawls; Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs; Silk, Thread, Cotton, and Worsted Hose; Bed Tick; Felt and Castor Hats; Cutlery; with sundry other articles. Any person inclinable to purchase the whole, may get a great bargain and long credit.

He requests all those indebted to him, or to Edward and Mordecai Hall, on bond, note or account, to settle the same; little or no attention having been paid to former requests of this kind; suits will be brought without respect to persons, if not settled by the twentieth of September next.

EDWARD HALL.

West-River, 29th July, 1793. 5

CHARLES FARIS,
Clock and Watch-Maker,
Church-Street, Annapolis,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends, and the public, that he has opened shop next door below Mr. Nicholas Brewer, and directly opposite the General Court Office, where he carries on the above businesses in all their branches. He likewise carries on the SILVER-SMITH's and JEWELLER's business. Those ladies and gentlemen who please to employ him, may depend on having their work done in the best and neatest manner, and on the most reasonable terms.

The highest price will be given for old gold and silver. 4

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.